APR-25-2003 11:07 FROM: MUFCU

702-397-8998

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P. 884-987

Assessor's Parcel Number: 662-643-11
When recorded mail to:
MOAPA VALLEY FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
236 SOUTH MOAPA VALLEY BOULEVARD, P.O. BOX 458
OVERTON, NEVADA 89640
Mail Tax Statements to:
Richard Kent Blagley
P.O. Box 134
PANACA, NEVADA 89042
Prepared By:

Recording Requested By:

|Space Above This Line For Recording Data|

DEED OF TRUST

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated April 24, 2803, together with all Riders to this document.
- (B) "Borrower" is Richard Kent Bingley and Kathleen Marie Bingley husband and wife as joint tenants. Borrower is the trustor under this Socurity Instrument.
- (C) "Lender" is MOAPA VALLEY FEDERAL CREDIT UNION. Lender is a corporation organized and existing under the have of the State of NEVADA. Lender's address is 230 SOUTH MOAPA VALLEY BOULEVARD, P.O. BON 458, OVERTON, NEVADA 89043. Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument.
- (D) "Trustee" is First American Title Co, a NEVADA Corporation.
- (E) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated April 24, 2893. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender Eighty Six Thousand Four Hundred And 00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$ 86,400.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than April 24, 2023.
- (5) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

NEVADA-Single Family-Famile MacFreddle Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Page 1 of 17

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Instrument,

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

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		Marine
	(C) "Fase" muse she data are	
	(G) "Lean" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest. (H) "Ridger" means all Ridger to the Ridge	ia e
	(H) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument, plus interest.	
	following Riders are to be executed by Borrower (check hox as applicable):	The
	TATE OF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE	١
	Bailon Rider	Ŧ
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	The state of the s	1
	(f) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulation	us.
	ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applica- final, non-appealable judicial opinions.	ble
	(J) "Community Association Dues, Fore, and Accommunity	
		W M
	(K) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated check, drait, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, sclephon instrument, commuter or magnetic transaction.	bу
•		
	The state of the second state of the second	
	teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automaticlearinghouse transfers.	cd
	(L) "Eserow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.	3
•	(Arr) "PRINCEMAGEOUS Proceeds" Incast any compensation conferment about a fac-	
	-7 vol. 19 demarks to, or usarusmon of, the Proposity (ii) confermation by other taking as an	
	part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.	
	(C) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting 1 ender against the companyons of an defendance	.lr
and the last of th		
79/4	(O) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and intere- under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section J of this Security Instrument.	3i
	(F) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq.) at	
	The map to the state of the sta	
	We will such the same a time of the same and the same a time	
	The date of this decimity instrument. "KENDA" reject in all requirements and maniations than	
	imposed in regard to a "federally related moreage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as "federally related moregage loan" under RESPA.	
	(Q) "Successor in interest of Borrower" means any party that he called the first and any	v
	whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Securit	ly

This Security Instrument secures to Lender. (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Noic; and (ii) the performance of Bostower's covenants and

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agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower increasibly grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the County [Type of Recenting Jurisdiction] of LINCOLN (Name of Recording Jurisdiction):

SEE EXHIBIT "A" ATTACHED HERE TO AND BY THIS REFERENCE MADE A PART HEREOF.

Parcel ID Number: 002-043-11

which currently has the address of

196 2nd Street
PANACA (Civ), Nevada 89842 [Zip Code] ("Property Address"):

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all casements, appratenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and nonuniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrew Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. However shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unquid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or eashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Page 3 of 17

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P. 887/887

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loun current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loun current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or pertial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to supply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal bulance under the Nota immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2. all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amount due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this

Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any fate charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Misocillaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic

3. Famile for Escrow Hems. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are der the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Pands") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any: (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Bustower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Morgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These stems are called "Escrow items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be excrowed by Bostower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an liserow lunt. Bostower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Leader waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrew Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrew Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower

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shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Insurment, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Rema directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Leader any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all histrow items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum account a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the acrount of Funds due on the hasis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in

accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow items no later than the time specified under KESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the excrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in enerow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Burrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deliciency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lander shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12

monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Intinument, Lender shall promptly

refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement, (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in

Page 5 of 17

RFR-25-2003 11:10 FROM: MUFCU

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P.002-007

Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "entended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, cartiquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deducible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires paramet to the preceding sontences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any feet imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular (you or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower. Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage an obtained might significantly exceed the cost of maurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Secturity Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance earrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair

Page 6 of 17

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RFR-25-2003 11:11 FROM: MUFCU

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TO: 775 726 3384

P. 883-887

is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Leader may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the maturance proceeds and shall be the sale obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the same secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to sente a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of uncarned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Leader has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restore the Property,

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

Page 7 of 17

Peca 3429 1/8 Initials: APR-25-2003 11:11 FROM: MUFCU

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TO: 775 726 3394

P. 004-007

8. Berruwer's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

 Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lander's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probete, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lies which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abundaned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for wherever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited in: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable anomays' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building ot other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may mke action under this Section 9, Lender duck not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lunder incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Leader required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Botrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Botrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Botrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Botrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Botrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Botrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage

Page 8 of 17



APR-25-2003 11:12 FROM: MUFCU

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P. 885-987

(in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by as insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Leader requires separately designated payments toward the ums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Moregage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage lossurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any early that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may meur if Bortower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Bortower is not a purty to the

Mortgage Insurance

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that there or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are astrofactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or paries) to these agreements. Those agreements may require the mortgage leasurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any remanter, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Louis. Such agreements will not increase the amount florrower will owe for Morigage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - if any - with respect to the Martgage insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage insurance, to have the Mortgage insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refusal of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were uncorned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lesscried. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an apportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Leader's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbutscement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay

APR-125-2003 11:12 FROM: MUFCU

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P.006-007

Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if sery, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due,

in the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the stone secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured inwardiately before the partial taking, descriction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall

in the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property sumedistely before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after monce by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the same secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Botrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Missellancous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or erininal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, procludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are stributable to the impairment of Lendon's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Londor.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or tepair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Refeased; Forbearance By Lender Not a Watver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrowet or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Botrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason

Page 10 of 17

APR-25-2003 11:13 FROM: MUFCU

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P.897/897

of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Burrower. Any furbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remotly including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, emities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or is amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remody.

13. Joint and Soveral Liability; Co-signers; Secressors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covernants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and saveral. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Lean Chargea. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any eight of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address

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Page 11 of 17

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APR-25-2003 11:16 FROM: MUFCU

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under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herem unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender and actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contact or might be sileat, but such silence shall not be constructed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the ferminanc gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (o) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

- 17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security instrument.
- 18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Laterest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intens of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is probabited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument: (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Botrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures my default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights

age 12 of 17

Form 3029 1/01

APR-25-2003 11:16 FROM: NUFCLE

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P. 982/985

under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums accured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank elock, treasure's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured heraby shall remain fully effective as if no seculeration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of accusiveration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Nation of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be said one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be once or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or he joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuent to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such adleged breach and affunded the other party bereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must chopse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as taxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosane, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volutile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means folloral laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleamap" includes any response scrion, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in

Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property.

Page 13 of 17

Form 3029 1/01

PPR-25-2003 11:17 FROM: NUFCU

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P. 883/885

Borrower shall not do, nor allow snyome else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that it in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spalling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleasure.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Ramediea. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cared; and (d) that failure to cure the default an or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the same secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after seculeration and the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option, and without further demand, may invoke the power of sale, including the right to accelerate full payment of the Note, and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in the Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' foss and costs of title evidence.

If Lender levelets the power of sale, Lender shall execute or cause Trustne to execute written notice of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold, and shall cause such notice to be recorded in each county in which any part of the Property is located. Lender shall mail copies of the notice as prescribed by Applicable Law to Borrower and to the persons prescribed by Applicable Law. Trustne shall give public notice of sale to the persons and in the manner prescribed by Applicable Law. After the time required by Applicable Law, Trustne, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public suction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more purcels and in any order Trustne determines. Trustne may

Page 14 of 11

Form 1029 (A)

APR-25-2003 11:18 FROM:NUFCU

P. 884/885

postpone sale of all or any parcel of the Property by public announcement at the time and place of any previously scheduled sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's dest conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facto evidence of the truth of the statements made therain. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and extrement (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not nied to, reasonable Trustue's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security

Instrument; and (e) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it.

23. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all event secured by this Security Instrument, Leuler shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security Instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge such person or persons a fee for reconveying the Property, but only if the fee is said to a third party (such as the Treatee) for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. Substitute Trustee. Lender at its option, may from time to time remove Trustee and appoint a successor trustee in any Trustee appointed herounder. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herem and by Applicable Law.

Assemption Fee. If there is an assumption of this loan, Lender may charge as assumption fee of U.S. 5 264.88.

Page 15 of 17

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În this	BY SIGNING BELOW, Borz Security Instrument and in any F	ower accepts and agrees tider executed by Bosrow	to the terms and covena	nts constined	
Witnes		Richard Kent Bin	WE.	(Scal)	
_		Kathieun Marie Bi	IV (A) A DIT	(Scal) -Borrower	
				(Seal) -Borrower	
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TO: 775 726 3384

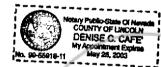
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STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF _____ IM CO-LM

This instrument was enknowledged before me on April
Richard Kant Bingley and Kathleen Marie Bingley

april 25, 2003 m

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Page 17 of 17



EXHIBIT "A"

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

The South 115 feet of Lot 4 in Block 19 of the Town of Panaca, as shown by map thereof on file in the Office of the County Recorder of Lincoln County, Nevada.

FEE 3 0 DEPTION LESTING DEPTION

FILED FOR RECORDING AT THE REQUEST OF FIRST ASSESSMENT THAN 2003 MAY 1 NO 11 31

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