

Lincoln County

Form 668(V) <small>(Rev. March 1984)</small>	Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws				
District LAS VEGAS	Serial Number 86006494 1328			<input type="checkbox"/> For Optional Use by Recording Office	
<p>As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.</p> <p>Name of Taxpayer GENE J. KEMP</p> <p>Residence STAR ROUTE BOX 51 ALAMO, NV 89001</p> <p>IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION: With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is filed by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325 (a).</p>					
Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Filing (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
1040	12/31/80	[REDACTED]	10/07/85	11/06/91	6039.36
1040	12/31/81	[REDACTED]	10/07/85	11/06/91	8431.50
1040	12/31/82	[REDACTED]	10/07/85	11/06/91	13611.35
<p>RETURN TO: INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE 300 LAS VEGAS BLVD. SO. LAS VEGAS, NV 89101</p> <p>Place of Filing Lincoln County Recorder Pioche, Nevada</p> <p>SPECIAL PROCEDURES FUNCTION-LIENS</p> <p>Total \$ 28082.21</p>					
<p>This notice was prepared and signed at LAS VEGAS, NEVADA on this</p> <p>21 JUL 86 the _____ day of _____, 19 _____</p> <p>Signature S. FITE Title REVENUE OFFICER</p>					
<p><small>(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien.)</small></p> <p>Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971-2 C.B. 409</p> <p>Part 1 - Kept By Recording Office</p> <p>BOOK 71 PAGE 327</p> <p>Form 668(V) (Rev. 84)</p>					

Lincoln County

No. 85322
United States

Notice of Tax Lien

Filed this July 10, 1986, at 2:15 P.M.

Lincoln Co. Official Records

YURIKO SETTER
COUNTY RECORDER

RECEIPT
By *Yuriko Setter*. Deputy

Form 6415 (Rev. 3-6)

Exempts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or administrative penalty, together with any costs that may accrue or otherwise therelated) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) **Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanics' Liens, And Judgment Lien Creditors.** — The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (d) has been filed by the Secretary.

(b) **Protection For Certain Interests Even Though Notice Filed.** — Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid.

(c) **Place For Filing Notice; Form.**

(i) **Place For Filing.** — The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed—
 (A) Under State Law.
 (i) Real Property. — In the case of real property in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision) as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and
 (ii) Personal Property. — In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision) as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated;
 or
 (B) With Clerk Of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of

subparagraph (A); or
 (C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia. — In the office of the recorder of deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) **State Of Property Subject To Lien.** — For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (3), property shall be deemed to be situated—
 (A) Real Property. — In the case of real property, at its physical location; or
 (B) Personal Property. — In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is outside the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) **Form.** — The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(c) **Required Waiting Period.** — In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required waiting period" means—
 (A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and
 (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required waiting period for such notice of lien.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) **Release Of Lien.** — Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which—

(1) **Lienary Satisfied Or Unenforceable.** — The Secretary holds the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.** — There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is completed upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and certain therein, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(a) **Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes.** —

(i) **Disclosure of amount of outstanding tax.** — If a notice of tax has been filed pursuant to section 6323(b), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such tax may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such tax or intends to obtain a right in such property.

(b) **Notifying Of Notice.** — For purposes of this subsection—

(i) **General Rule.** — Unless notice of tax is filed in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required waiting period, such notice of tax shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (or delivered to the office referred to in subsection (d)) after the expiration of such waiting period.

(ii) **Place For Filing.** — A notice of tax filed during the required waiting period shall be effective only—

(A) If—
 (i) such notice of tax is mailed in the office in which the prior notice of tax was filed; and

(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of mailing is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (d); and

(B) in every case in which, 30 days or more prior to the date of mailing of notice of tax under subparagraph (A), the Secretary (or other person whom the Secretary may designate or may designate or re-designate) certifies a change in the taxpayer's residence if a notice of such tax is filed (or delivered to the office referred to in subsection (d)) at the place in which such residence is located.